**Gender and Society**

* **Sex:** Anatomical or biological differences between males and females that originate in human genes
  + Male
    - XY Chrom, Testes, Penis, Testosterone
  + Female
    - XX Chrom, Ovary, Vagina, Estrogen
  + Intersexual (Hermaphrodite)
    - Male Pseudo
      * Testes but a vagina
    - Female Pseudo
      * Ovary but a penis
* **Gender:** Behavioral characteristics that differ between males and females based on culturally enforces and socially learned norms and roles
* **Gender Roles**: Culture and society influence gender and gender roles, the attitudes and behaviors considered appropriately “masculine” or “feminine” in a particular culture
* **Sexuality:** The ways in which people construct their sexual desires and relationships, including the norms governing sexual behavior
* **Transgender:** An umbrella term used to describe all those who identify outside of their assigned sex or outside the gender binary
* **Transsexuals:** People who use surgery and hormones to change their sex to match their preferred gender.
* **Sex Category:** The socially required identification display that confirms someone’s membership to a given category

**Constructing Gendered Selves**

* The roots of gender: The family
* Gender among friends: Peer influences
  + Social Dosage Effect
* Media power: Reflecting and reinforcing gender
* Gender in the classroom: Schools and socialization
* Doing gender
  + Gender is an activity we do rather than a fixed identity

**Gender and Society**

* Gender and family life
  + Second shift
* Gender and standardized tests: Why do boys outscore girls on the SAT?
  + Stereotype threat
* Gender and higher education

**Gender and Economics**

* **Gender wage gap:** Women paid less than men for the same job
* Occupational segregation by gender
* Labor supply factors
* **Labor demand factors:** Factors that highlight the needs and preferences of the employer
* Human capital
* Indirect labor costs
* **Glass ceiling:** Women cannot progress higher, but watch men move up in a job
* Glass escalator

**Classical Theories, Feminist Thought, and Soc. Of Masculinity**

* Classical sociological approaches to gender
  + **Charlotte Perkins Gilman (1898)**
    - Sexuoeconomic Relation- The sexual relationship was also an economic one, with women depending on men financially
  + **Talcott Perkins**
    - She said something idk
* That’s a lotta shit I don’t wanna write down lol just open the slides on blackboard